

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: **September 30, 2012**

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number **000-29219**

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-0199508

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**65 Broadway, 7th Floor
New York, NY 10006**

(Address of principal executive offices)

10006

(Zip Code)

(347) 329-2954

Issuer's telephone number

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer
Non Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court.

Yes No Not Applicable

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

The number of shares of common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2012 was 19,855,752.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.

(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)

Form 10-Q

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VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.

(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.
(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)
Interim Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)
(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

	September 30 2012 (Unaudited) \$	December 31 2011 (Audited) \$
ASSETS		
Cash	933	7,946
Prepaid expenses	4,000	-
Other receivables (Note 3)	24,490	718
Total current assets	<u>29,423</u>	<u>8,664</u>
Long-term Investment (Note 3)	2,267,252	2,267,252
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>2,296,675</u>	<u>2,275,916</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'E QUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Other payables (Note 3)	181,948	-
Short-term loan (Note 6)	79,282	-
Accrued liabilities	47,706	28,739
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>308,936</u>	<u>28,739</u>
Related party transactions (Note 3)		
Subsequent event (Note 7)		
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (Note 5)		
Capital Stock		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized and outstanding 19,855,752 shares issued as of September 30, 2012, and 18,553,778 shares issued as of December 31, 2011	18,977	18,554
Additional Paid-In Capital	8,273,373	8,227,046
Deficit	(6,304,639)	(5,998,423)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(72)	-
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	<u>1,987,739</u>	<u>2,247,177</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>2,296,675</u>	<u>2,275,916</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.
(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)
Interim Consolidated Statements Of Operations And Comprehensive Loss
(Unaudited)
(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

	Three months ended,		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue:	47,070	-	47,098	-
General and administrative expenses:				
Management and consultant fees	-	-	-	2,250
Office supplies and services	14,575	500	46,238	1,500
Professional fees	39,862	1,500	79,775	7,000
Rent	4,537	21,820	15,782	21,820
Wages	68,928	-	199,196	-
Total general and administrative expenses	127,902	23,820	340,991	32,570
Interest expense	6,139	-	12,322	-
Total expenses	(134,041)	(23,820)	(353,313)	(32,570)
Loss from continuing operations	(86,971)	(23,820)	(306,216)	(32,570)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(22)	-	(72)	-
Net loss and Comprehensive loss	(86,993)	(23,820)	(306,288)	(32,570)
Loss per common share - Basic and diluted	(0.004)	(0.018)	(0.016)	(0.025)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted	19,816,554	1,304,042	19,321,450	1,304,042

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.
(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)
Interim Consolidated Statements Of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

	Nine months Ended September 30, 2012	Nine months Ended September 30, 2011
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	(306,216)	(32,570)
Expenses and service costs assumed by shareholders	46,850	32,570
Prepaid expenses	(4,000)	-
Issuance of common stock for services		100
Increase in other payables	181,948	
Increase in accrued liabilities	18,967	
Increase in other receivables	(23,772)	
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(86,224)</u>	<u>100</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary	-	-
Proceeds from assets disposition	-	-
Purchase of equipment	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Short-term loan	79,282	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>79,282</u>	<u>-</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(72)	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	(7,014)	100
Cash, beginning of period	7,946	-
Cash, end of period	<u>933</u>	<u>100</u>

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (See Note 4)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.
(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)
Interim Consolidated Statements of Stockholder's Equity
(Unaudited)
(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

	<u>Common Shares</u>		<u>Treasury</u>	<u>Additional</u>	<u>Subscriptions</u>	<u>Accumulated</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Stock</u>	<u>Paid-in</u>	<u>Received</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Deficit</u>	<u>Stockholders'</u>
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at December 31, 2010	995,655	996	-	2,359,863	-	-	(2,360,859)	-
Net Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,637,564)	(3,637,564)
Expenses assumed by stockholders	-	-	-	51,148	-	-	-	51,148
Issuance of 14,481,420 new shares for exchanging 566,813 shares of the common stock of China Wood	14,481,420	14,481		5,051,357				5,065,838
Issuance of new shares for investment from shareholders	263,780	264		49,261				49,525
Issuance of new shares to shareholders for expenses assumed	2,812,923	2,813		715,417				718,230
Balance at December 31, 2011 (Audited)	18,553,778	18,554	-	8,227,046	-	-	(5,998,423)	2,247,177
Net loss							(306,216)	(306,216)
Foreign currency translation adjustment						(72)		(72)
Issuance of new shares to shareholders for expenses assumed	422,778	423		46,427				46,850
Issuance of new shares for loan collateral	879,196	879		60,665				61,544
Pledged as securities for loan		(879)		(60,665)				(61,544)
Expenses assumed by stockholders				-				-
Balance at September 30, 2012 (Unaudited)	19,855,752	18,977		8,273,473		(72)	(6,304,639)	1,987,739

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC. (FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

1. Nature of Business and Going Concern Assumption

The Company was originally incorporated under the laws of the State of Florida on May 3, 1989 as Sparta Ventures Corp. and remained inactive until June 27, 1998. The name of the Company was changed to Thermal Ablation Technologies Corporation on October 8, 1998 and then to Poker.com, Inc. on August 10, 1999. On September 15, 2003, the Company changed its name to LegalPlay Entertainment Inc. and on November 8, 2006, the name of the Company was changed to Synthenol Inc. Effective November 3, 2008, the Company merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary, SinoCubate, Inc. (“SinoCubate, Inc.”), which remained the surviving entity of the merger. SinoCubate was formed in the State of Nevada on September 11, 2008. The merger resulted in a change of name of the Company from Synthenol Inc. to SinoCubate, Inc. and a change in the state of incorporation of the Company from Florida to Nevada. On June 13, 2012, the Company changed its name to Viking Investments Group, Inc., and effective July 16, 2012, The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”) approved this name change, and the Company’s ticker symbol was changed to “VKIN.”

On June 29, 2011, and on August 29, 2011, Viking Investments Group, LLC, a company controlled and managed by the Company’s Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Tom Simeo, incorporated under the laws of The Federation of St. Kitts and Nevis (“Viking Nevis”), sold 100,000 and 466,813 shares respectively of China Wood, Inc., publicly listed in the United States with the ticker “CNWD”, (the “China Wood Shares”) owned by Viking Nevis, in exchange for 1,912,000 and 12,569,420 newly issued restricted shares of the Company respectively. On August 29, 2011, the Company acquired, from Tom Simeo, the Company’s Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Viking Investments Group, LLC, incorporated in Delaware (“Viking Delaware”) for a value of One Hundred Dollars (\$100). By August 29, 2011, Viking Nevis completed the purchase of the China Wood Shares by having delivered a total of 566,813 shares of common stock in China Wood, Inc. to the Company. The China Wood Shares were registered in a Form S-1 Registration Statement declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2011. The China Wood Shares are subject to a “Leak-Out Provision” whereby only a certain amount of shares can be sold per month up and until the first anniversary of the effective day of the aforementioned registration statement, April 7, 2012. In determining the fair value of the shares, the Company and Viking Nevis, agreed to use, where applicable, the closing bid price for the most recent trading days prior to the closing day of the transactions.

The Company’s current business plan is to provide incubate resources and services to support the successful development of late stage, non-publicly-listed companies based in the United States and emerging growth countries with the ultimate goal and endeavor for them to become publicly listed in the United States. This incubate service includes financing, professional advisory services, board member services, CFO services, corporate governance advice and general corporate management advisory services to entrepreneurs and their advisers in consideration for a fee, comprised of either cash or equity, or a combination of both (hereinafter referred to as a “Transaction” or plural “Transactions”). It is believed that successful completion of a business incubation program increases the likelihood that a company will stay in business for the long term. The Company is neither an underwriter as the term is defined in Section 2(a)(11) of the Securities Act of 1933, nor an investment company pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Company is not an investment adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. The Company is not registered with The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority “FINRA” or Securities Investor Protection Corporation (“SIPC”).

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC. (FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

1. Nature of Business and Going Concern Assumption (continued)

This is a new direction for the Company. Previously, the Company's business plan had been focused on investigating and then, if deemed economically feasible, entering into contractual arrangements with entities that would have enabled the Company to either purchase outright the assets and and/or business operations of such entities or to enter into business arrangements, such as joint ventures or similar other combinations with those entities. The Company does not expect to see immediate economic results from its development and, ultimately, there can be no guarantee that the business model will develop to become successful and/or profitable.

The management of the Company is of an opinion that planned principal operations have commenced in the third quarter of 2012, and thus the Company is considered no longer a development stage enterprise.

As at September 30, 2012, the Company had recurring operating loss, accumulated loss of \$6,304,639 at September 30 and negative working capital of \$279,513. The Company's loss in 2012 was higher than 2011 as a result of increased wage, office rental and other administrative expenses. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate future profitable operations and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and to repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. Management has no formal plan in place to address this concern but considers that the Company will be able to obtain additional funds by equity financing and/or related party advances; however there is no assurance of additional funding being available.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in United States or "U.S. GAAP" for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q as promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the SEC. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The accompanying unaudited financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2011. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim financial statements furnished herein include all adjustments, all of which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim period presented. The results of operations for such periods are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for a full year or for any future period.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC. (FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)
Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

b) Consolidated Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein reflect the consolidated financial results of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary Viking Delaware. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

The foregoing interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or GAAP for consolidated financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q as promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the SEC. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements include all of the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete consolidated financial statements.

c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and timing of revenues and expenses, the reported amounts and classification of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The Company's actual results could vary materially from management's estimates and assumptions. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the determination of expected tax rates for future income tax recoveries, stock-based compensation and impairment of long-term investment.

d) Financial Instruments

ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments held by the Company. ASC Topic 820, "Financial Instruments," defines fair value, and establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosures of fair value measurement that enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for receivables and current liabilities each qualify as financial instruments and are a reasonable estimate of their fair values because of the short period of time between the origination of such instruments and their expected realization and their current market rate of interest. The three levels of valuation hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1: inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2: inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3: inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC. (FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)
Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Company provides disclosures regarding financial instruments as prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These disclosures do not purport to represent the aggregate net fair value of the Company. The long-term investment is impaired and its carrying value is reduced to reflect its fair value based on level 3 inputs. The fair value estimates are based on various assumptions, methodologies, subjective considerations and the Guaranty and Repurchase Agreement entered into between the Company and Viking Nevis, which vary widely among different financial institutions and which are subject to change.

e) Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes consulting fee income when services are rendered, price is fixed and determinable and collectability is reasonably assured.

f) Cash

Cash includes bank deposits and cash on hand.

g) Loss per share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted-average number of common shares and, adjusted by any effects of warrants and options outstanding, if dilutive, that may add to the number of common shares during the period.

h) Comprehensive income

FASB ASC 220 "Comprehensive Income," establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in the consolidated financial statements. For the nine months ended September, 2012 and 2011, comprehensive loss was \$ (306,288) and \$ (32,570) respectively.

i) Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under FASB Codification Topic 740-10-25 ("ASC 740-10-25"). Under ASC 740-10-25, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under ASC 740-10-25, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company provides a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets for which it does not consider realization of such assets likely. The Company did not incur any material impact to its financial condition or results of operations due to the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Company is subject to U.S federal jurisdiction income tax examinations for the tax years 2006 through 2012. In addition, the Company is subject to state and local income tax examinations for the tax years 2006 through 2012.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

j) Stock-based compensation

The Company may issue stock options to employees and stock options or warrants to non-employees in non-capital raising transactions for services and for financing costs. The Company has adopted ASC Topic 718 (formerly SFAS 123R), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", which establishes a fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation plans. In accordance with guidance now incorporated in ASC Topic 718, the cost of stock options and warrants issued to employees and non-employees is measured on the grant date based on the fair value. The fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The resulting amount is charged to expense on the straight-line basis over the period in which the Company expects to receive the benefit, which is generally the vesting period.

The fair value of stock warrants was determined at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Black-Scholes option model requires management to make various estimates and assumptions, including expected term, expected volatility, risk-free rate, and dividend yield. The expected term represents the period of time that stock-based compensation awards granted are expected to be outstanding and is estimated based on considerations including the vesting period, contractual term and anticipated employee exercise patterns. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in relation to the contractual life of stock-based compensation instrument. The dividend yield assumption is based on historical patterns and future expectations for the Company to declare dividends.

k) Long-term investment

Management determines the appropriate classification of investment securities at the time of purchase. Securities are classified held-to-maturity when the Company has both the positive intent and ability to hold the securities to maturity. Held-to-maturity securities are stated at amortized cost. Securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term are classified as trading securities and reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings. Securities not classified as held-to-maturity or trading are classified as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale securities are stated at fair value, with the impairment losses, net of income taxes, charged to net income in the period in which it occurs.

The fair value of securities is based on quoted market prices. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities. A decline in the market value of any available-for-sale or held-for-maturity security below cost that is deemed to be other-than-temporary results in a reduction in carrying amount to fair value.

Impairments that are considered other-than-temporary are recognized as a loss in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company considers various factors in reviewing impairments, including the length of time and extent to which fair value has been less than the Company's cost basis, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the Company's intent and ability to hold the investments for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value.

As September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company has no trading and held-to-maturity securities. The Company's long-term investment was classified as available-for-sale.

l) Short-term loan

Short-term loan is obligation which is to be repaid within one year of the date issued.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

m) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2011, FASB issued ASU No 2011-4, "Fair value Measurement (Topic 820): Amendments to achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in US GAAP and IFRSs." ASU 2011-04 amends Topic 820 to provide common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in US General Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP") and International Financial Reporting Standards. Consequently, the amendments change the wording used to describe many of the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements, as well as providing guidance on how fair value should be applied where it is used already required or permitted by other standards within U.S. GAAP. ASU No 2011-04 is to be applied prospectively, and early adoption is not permitted. For public entities, the amendments are effective during interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-04 had no material impact on our results of operations on our financial position.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income ("ASU 2011-05 which is intended to facilitate the convergence of U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as well as to increase the transparency of items reported in other comprehensive income. As a result of ASU 2011-05, all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity are required to be presented in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. The option to present other comprehensive income in the statement of changes in equity has been eliminated. ASU 2011-05 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011 and should be applied retrospectively. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2012 and presents a continuous statement of comprehensive loss.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Item Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No 2011-05." ASU 2011-12 defers the specific requirement to present items that are reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net income separately with their respective components of net income and other comprehensive income. ASU 2011-12 did not defer the requirement to report comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement or in two separate but consecutive financial statements. The amendments are effective at the same time as the amendments in ASU 2011-05.

n) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-11, "*Balance Sheet (Topic 210), Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*". The guidance in this update requires the Company to disclose information about offsetting and related arrangements to enable users of its financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on its financial position. The pronouncement is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 with retrospective application for all comparative periods presented. The extent of the impact of adoption of ASU 2011-11 has not been determined.

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, "*Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment*", which provides companies with the option to first assess qualitative factors in determining whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If, after assessing the totality of events and circumstances, an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired, then the entity is not required to take further action. However, if an entity concludes otherwise, then it is required to determine the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset and perform the quantitative impairment test by comparing the fair value with the carrying value. Previously, companies were required to perform the quantitative impairment test at least annually. The new accounting guidance is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. We do not anticipate the adoption of the new accounting guidance to have a significant effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC. (FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)**Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements****(Unaudited)****(Amounts expressed in US dollars)**

3. Related Party Transactions

On April 3, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with Viking Delaware, providing that effective August 15, 2008, Viking Delaware will pay for any services performed on behalf of the Company by third parties until such time that Viking Delaware is no longer the majority shareholder of the Company. On August 2, 2011, effective as of April 1, 2011, Viking Delaware will advance and pay all third party costs for the Company as needed, but the Company has an obligation to reimburse Viking Delaware at a later stage upon demand from Viking Delaware. As of August 29, 2011, Viking Delaware's rights and obligations are transferred to Viking Nevis.

On June 29, 2011, and on August 29, 2011, Viking Investments, LLC, a company controlled and managed by the Company's Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Tom Simeo, incorporated under the laws of The Federation of St. Kitts and Nevis, ("Viking Nevis") sold 100,000 and 466,813 shares respectively of China Wood, Inc., publicly listed in the United States with the ticker "CNWD", (the "China Wood Shares") owned by Viking Nevis, in exchange for 1,912,000 and 12,569,420 newly issued restricted shares of the Company respectively. By August 29, 2011, Viking Nevis completed the purchase of the China Wood Shares by having delivered a total of 566,813 shares of common stock in China Wood, Inc. to the Company. The China Wood Shares were registered in a Form S-1 Registration Statement declared effective by the SEC on April 7, 2011. The China Wood Shares are subject to a "Leak-Out Provision" whereby only a certain amount of shares can be sold per month up and until the first anniversary of the effective day of the aforementioned registration statement, (April 7, 2012). In determining the fair value of the shares, the Company and Viking Nevis, agreed to use, where applicable, the closing bid price for the most recent trading days prior to the closing day of the transactions.

As at September 30, 2012, other receivable account includes an amount of \$20,159 (December 31, 2011: Nil) due from the Chairman of the Company and other payables account includes payroll payable to the Chairman of \$135,000 and \$11,388 (December 31, 2011: Nil) respectively.

4. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Nine months ended	
	September 30	
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Cash paid for:		
Interest	8,222	-
Income taxes (recovery)	-	-
Common shares issued to settle notes payable	-	-
Expenses assumed by principal stockholders	46,850	32,570

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC. (FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

5. Shareholders' Equity

On March 20, 2012, the Company issued 45,000 shares of its common stock to the consultants in consideration of satisfaction for consulting services rendered for a fair value of \$8,100. On March 22, 2012, the Company has entered into a six-month loan agreement with a third party for the amount of \$79,282 (RMB500,000 equivalents) that is repayable on September 20, 2012. The due date of the loan has been extended to December 2012 with mutual agreement. The Company issued 879,196 shares of its common stock as collateral. The collateral will be returned to the Company on the payback date of the loan.

On May 1, 2012, the Company issued 25,000 shares of its common stock to a consultant in consideration of satisfaction for consulting services rendered for a fair value of \$2,750.

On July 10, 2012, the Company issued 25,000 restricted shares of its common stock to the Chief Financial Controller as compensation of \$2,000 for the past services provided. The Company also issued 50,000 restricted shares of its common stock to directors in consideration of satisfaction for services rendered for a fair value of \$4,000. The Company also issued 277,778 shares of its common stock to a lawyer in consideration of satisfaction for legal services rendered for a fair value of \$30,000.

6. Short-term Loan

On March 22, 2012, the Company has entered into a six-month loan agreement with a third party for the amount of \$79,282 (RMB500,000 equivalents) that is repayable on September 20, 2012. Interest is charged at a rate of not more than four times of the local bank loan rate in China. The due date of the loan has been extended to December 2012 with mutual agreement. The Company issued 879,196 shares of its common stock as collateral for the loan. The collateral will be returned to the Company on the payback date of the loan..

7. Subsequent Event

On October 3, 2012, the Company issued 28,092 shares of preferred stock to the Chairman of the Company in exchange of the same amount of shares of its common stock.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.

(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In preparing the management's discussion and analysis, the registrant presumes that you have read or have access to the discussion and analysis for the preceding fiscal year.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 or the Reform Act. All statements other than statements of historical fact are "forward-looking statements" for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including, but not limited to, any projections of earning, revenue or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; any statements concerning proposed new services or developments; any statements regarding future economic conditions of performance; and statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the following: our ability to raise capital and the terms thereof; ability to gain an adequate player base to generate the expected revenue; competition with established gaming websites; adverse changes in government regulations or polices; and other factors referenced in this Form 10-Q.

The use in this Form 10-Q of such words as "believes", "plans", "anticipates", "expects", "intends", and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. These forward-looking statements present the Company's estimates and assumptions only as of the date of this Report. Except for the Company's ongoing obligation to disclose material information as required by the federal securities laws, the Company does not intend, and undertakes no obligation, to update any forward-looking statements.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in any of the forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed or any of the Company's forward-looking statements. The Company's future financial condition and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change and inherent risks and uncertainties.

PLAN OF OPERATIONS

Overview

The Company's current business plan is to invest in and to provide incubate resources and services to support the successful development of late stage, non-publicly-listed companies based in the United States and emerging growth countries with the ultimate goal and endeavor for them to become publicly listed in the United States. This incubate service includes financing, professional advisory services, board member services, CFO services, corporate governance advice and general corporate management advisory services to entrepreneurs and their advisers in consideration for a fee, comprised of either cash or equity, or a combination of both (hereinafter referred to as a "Transaction" or plural "Transactions"). It is believed that successful completion of a business incubation program increases the likelihood that a company will stay in business for the long term. The Company may also invest in publicly listed securities that the Company believes are undervalued. The Company is neither an underwriter as the term is defined in Section 2(a)(11) of the Securities Act of 1933, nor an investment company pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Company is not an investment adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. The Company is not registered with FINRA or SIPC.

On November 25, 2011, and on December 12, 2011, the Company entered into Letter of Intent with two new Chinese companies located in Beijing and Shanghai to provide those companies with consulting and general business development services, including consultation regarding potential stock listings through reverse mergers in the United States and other investments. The Beijing client operates over 100 retail stores selling women's underwear. In addition to adding up to 200 more stores in the next two years, the client plans to establish a comprehensive online presence. The Shanghai client, a restaurant and tea house company, operates close to 130 stores in Shanghai and the Hunan province. The client plans to add 50 more stores per year during the next three years and to build a central kitchen serving 300 stores. On January 18, 2012, the Company signed an engagement letter with a Chinese client located in the Zhejiang Province to provide consulting and general business services, including consultation regarding potential stock listings through a reverse merger in the United States. This client is in the apparel business and owns 3 clothing factories, several name brands and operates multiple retail stores in China, and exports some of its products to foreign countries. The client plans to increase its production facility, establish a comprehensive online presence and increase its retail chain in China..

The Company has passed the stage as a development stage company in the 3rd quarter 2012.

Selection of Clients and Investment Targets

To a large extent, management's decision to assist clients is largely dependent on management's assessment of the business prospects of each client. Because the Company's contractual arrangements with its clients generally provide for the Company to be compensated for its services partially or wholly in equity in the clients, the Company must assess the quality of its clients' and investment targets' business prospects, financial statements, management and personnel, the anticipated acceptability of new products or marketing concepts, the merit of technological changes, the perceived benefit these companies will derive from accessing the US securities' markets, and numerous other factors which are difficult, if not impossible, to analyze through the application of any objective criteria. In many instances, it is anticipated that the historical operations of a prospective client or investment target may not necessarily be indicative of the potential for future equity appreciation because of the possible need to access capital, shift marketing approaches substantially, expand significantly, change product emphasis, change or substantially augment management, or make other changes. The Company will be dependent upon its prospective clients and investment targets to identify any such problems which may exist and to implement, or be primarily responsible for the implementation of, required changes. Because the Company expects a significant portion of its clients or investment targets to be newly organized or entering a new phase of growth, it should be emphasized that the Company will be exposed to the risk that its equity ownership in those client companies or investment targets will not be as valuable as anticipated because those companies' management in many instances will not have proved its abilities or effectiveness, the eventual market for such companies' products or services will likely not be established, and such companies may not be profitable after the Company provided services to or invested in such companies.

Furthermore, the Company may effect transactions having a potentially adverse impact upon the Company's shareholders pursuant to the authority and discretion of the Company's management and board of directors without submitting any proposal to the stockholders for their consideration. Holders of the Company's securities should not anticipate that the Company will necessarily furnish such holders, prior to any contractual arrangement or combination, with financial statements, or any other documentation, concerning a target company or its business. In some instances, however, a proposed arrangement may be submitted to the stockholders for their consideration, either voluntarily by such directors to seek the stockholders' advice and consent or because federal and/or state law so requires.

Prior to making a decision to contract with new clients or invest in a similar business opportunity, the Company's officers may meet personally with a target company's management and key personnel, may visit and inspect material facilities, request historical and projected business and/or financial information and records, obtain independent analysis or verification of certain information provided, check references of management and key personnel, and take other reasonable investigative measures, to the extent allowed by the Company's limited financial resources.

Going Concern Qualification

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate future profitable operations and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. Management has no formal plan in place to address this concern but considers that the Company will be able to obtain additional funds by equity financing and/or related party advances; however there is no assurance of additional funding being available.

RESULTS OF CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The following discussion of the financial condition and results of operation of the Company should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and the related Notes included elsewhere in this Report.

Three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, the Company respectively had \$933 and \$100 cash holding. On August 2, 2011, effective as of April 1, 2011, Viking Delaware advanced and paid all third party costs for the Company as needed, but the Company has an obligation to reimburse Viking Delaware at a later stage upon demand from Viking Delaware. As of August 29, 2011, Viking Delaware's rights and obligations are transferred to Viking Nevis.

Revenue

The Company had no revenue prior to this quarter. The Company received \$47,070 (RMB 300,000) on July 7, 2012 as payment from a client for the preliminary auditing services the Company rendered to them, which was recorded as revenue.

Expenses

The operating expenses increased by \$110,221 to \$134,041 in the three months period ended September 30, 2012 from \$23,820 in the corresponding period in 2011. The increase was mainly due to employee salaries, interest expenses, professional fees and other administrative expenses. The salary expenses increased from \$0 to \$68,928 in the three months period ended September 30, 2012 comparing to the corresponding period in 2011. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, the salary expenses to management and the shareholders who holds more than 5% shares of the company is 45,000.

Net Loss

The Company incurred a net loss of \$86,971 during the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared with net loss of \$23,820 for September 30, 2011. The increase in net loss was mainly due to the increase of employee salaries, professional fees and other administrative expenses in the current three months period ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period of 2011.

Nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 30, 2012 and September 30, 2011, the Company respectively had US\$933 and US\$0 cash holding. On August 2, 2011, effective as of April 1, 2011, Viking Delaware advanced and paid all third party costs for the Company as needed, but the Company has an obligation to reimburse Viking Delaware at a later stage upon demand from Viking Delaware. As of August 29, 2011, Viking Delaware's rights and obligations are transferred to Viking Nevis.

Revenue

The Company had no revenue prior to this quarter. The Company received \$47,070 (RMB 300,000) on July 7, 2012 as payment from a client for the preliminary auditing services the Company rendered to them, which was recorded as revenue.

Expenses

The operating expenses increased by \$320,743 to \$353,313 in the nine months period ended September 30, 2012 from 32,570 to the corresponding period in 2011. The increase was mainly due to increased employee salaries, professional fees, interest expenses and other administrative expenses. The salary expenses increased from \$0 to \$199,196 in the nine months period ended September 30, 2012 comparing to the corresponding period in 2011. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the salary expenses to management and the shareholders who holds more than 5% shares of the company is \$ 135,000.

Net Loss

The Company incurred a net loss of \$306,216 during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared with net loss of \$32,570 for September 30, 2011. The increase in net loss was mainly due to the increase of employee salaries, professional fees and other administrative expenses in the current nine months period ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period of 2011.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Company has adopted various accounting policies that govern the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in the preparation of the Company's financial statements which requires it to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes.

Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions the Company may undertake in the future, the final results may ultimately differ from actual results. Certain accounting policies involve significant judgments and assumptions, which have a material impact on the Company's financial condition and results. Management believes its critical accounting policies reflect its most significant estimates and assumptions used in the presentation of the Company's financial statements. The Company's critical accounting policies include debt management and accounting for stock-based compensation. The Company does not have off-balance sheet arrangements, financings, or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons, also known as "special purpose entities"

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is not required to provide the information under this item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company does not currently maintain controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified by the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2012 have been evaluated, and, based upon this evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer has concluded that these controls and procedures are not effective in providing reasonable assurance of compliance.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management and directors will continue to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls and procedures and the Company's internal controls over financial reporting on an ongoing basis and are committed to taking further action and implementing additional enhancements or improvements, as necessary and as funds allow.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

As a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is not required to provide the information under this item.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

Registered Name	<u>Date of issuance</u>	<u>Number of Shares</u>	<u>Restricted or Free Trading</u>	<u>Cost Basis / Price per Share (\$)</u>
Jiyun Ge	July 10, 2012	25,000	Restricted	0.08
Zhengkao Tang	July 10, 2012	25,000	Restricted	0.08
Tejesh Srivastav	July 10, 2012	25,000	Restricted	0.08

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit

Number	Description
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
101.INS **	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

** XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VIKING INVESTMENTS GROUP, INC.
(FORMERLY SINOCUBATE, INC.)
(Registrant)

Date: November 19, 2012

By: /s/ Tom Simeo
Chief Executive Officer, Director and Treasurer

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Tom Simeo, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Viking Investments Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 19, 2012

By: /s/ Tom Simeo

Tom Simeo

Chief Executive Officer and Director

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Jiyun Ge, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Viking Investments Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 19, 2012

By: /s/ Jiyun Ge
Jiyun Ge
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

The undersigned hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Viking Investments Group, Inc.

Date: November 19, 2012

By: /s/ Tom Simeo
Tom Simeo
Chief Executive Officer and Director

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

The undersigned hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Viking Investments Group, Inc.

Date: November 19, 2012

By: /s/ Jiyun Ge
Jiyun Ge
Chief Financial Officer